Pepsi Project

351. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Pepsi Project originally envisaged processing of fruits and export of processed products;

(b) whether Pepsi want to process more tomato rather than other fruits ;

(c) whether manufacture of potato chips is being allowed to this company;

(d) whether Pepsi now plan to get grain from Bangalore for processing rather than processing Punjab fruits as originally envisaged; and

(e) what is Government's decision regarding all these changes?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI SHARAD YADAV): (a) to (e) M/s. Pepsi Foods Private Limited have been granted a Letter of Intent for the manufacture of processed potato/grain foods and also processed fruit/vegetable products and soft drink concentrate. There is no condition in the Letter of Intent relating to the type of fruits and their quantity in the manufacture of processed fruit/vegetable products. Government has no information on whether Pepsi plan to get the grain from Bangalore for processing.

Exports of Cotton Yarn

352. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what was the target of exports of cotton yarn achieved in the last three years, year-wise:

(b) what is the countrywise breakup of such exports;

(c) whether the quantity to be allowed for such exports have been reduced recently; and

(d) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI SHARAD YADAV): (a) There was no countrywise target for export of cotton yarn in the last three years.

(b) A statement is attached. (*See* below)

(c) and (d) During 1989 the export of cotton yarn in the count groups 1—60s was subject to a celling of 40 million Kgs. Count group above 60s were not subject to any restriction. Exports by 100% EOPUs and exports against Advance Licensing Scheme were also outside the ceiling. Export of cotton hank yarn in 1—60s count was not allowed. After careful consideration of all relevant factors, such as capacity, production, consumption, demand, prices, and the need to safeguard the interests of handloom sector, etc., the Government have announced a long term cotton yarn export policy for 1990-92. In terms of this policy, exports of cotton yarn of all counts will be allowed within an annual ceiling of 40 million Kgs. Exports by 100% EDUs and exports against Advance Licensing Scheme continue to be outside the ceiling. In order to safeguard the interests of decentralised handloom sector, exports of hank yarn in count group is not allowed as in the past.

Statement

Country-wise break-up of cotton yarn exports during last three years.

(Value in Million Rs.)

	Country	1987	1988	1989
1.	Bangladesh	324·58	335·65	615·43
2.	Singapore	40·69	88·38	133·88
3.	Japan	115·46	366·18	289·81
4.	South Korea	260·10	219·43	283·06
5.	Hong Kong	153·23	47·11	147·85
6.	Indonesia.	8·12	5·26	124·36
7.	Mauritius	39·62	61·56	143·54
8.	Italy	603·85	297·76	268·24
9.	West Germany	296·24	120·33	150·80
10.	United Kingdom	333·48	123·62	108·08
11.	Czechoslovakia.	72·55	159·00	106·54
12.	Austria	6·73	34·99	134·51
13.	Others	1013·18	486·47	611·16
	TOTAL	3267·78	2345·74	3117·17

Joint ventures with Japan for processing and marketing marine products

353. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether any joint ventures have been cleared in collaboration with Japanese companies for processing and marketing of marine products;

(b) if so what are the details of such joint ventures already cleared and those under consideration; and

(c) what is the total investment involved and what is the export potential expected to be achieved ?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI SHARAD YADAV) : (a) and (b) M/s. K.S.K. Fisheries Limited Calcutta was permitted for foreign collaboration with M/s. Shimizu & Co. Ltd. Japan and M/s. Kawasho Corporation Japan in January 1987 for deep sea fishing. processing and marketing of marine product There is no other proposal pending regarding joint venture in collaboration with a Japanese company.

(c) The equity participation between the Indian company and Japanese companies is as follow:—

(i) M/s. K.S.K. Fisheries Ltd. Calcutta	60% (Rs. 12 lakhs).